

railroad tracks. This network of rail lines connects San Antonio to Galveston, where the only other known population of *C. scabrum* exists in Texas, and may offer an explanation of how individuals first spread to San Antonio, though the exact method and date of their introduction ultimately remains unknown. These specimens were collected during surveys for another introduced gecko in Bexar County, *Tarentola mauritanica* (Davis et al. 2024. Rept. Amphib. 31:e21502). Both *Hemidactylus turcicus* and *T. mauritanica* are widespread across San Antonio (DRD, unpubl. data), though none were detected at sites where *C. scabrum* was collected despite the other two species being detected <0.1 km away (*H. turcicus*: TNHC 117097; *T. mauritanica*: TNHC 117152). This may be attributed to a competitive superiority of *C. scabrum* over *H. turcicus*, as has been suggested by others (e.g., Klawinski et al. 1994. J. Herpetol. 28:225–230); however, the nature of potential interactions between *C. scabrum* and *T. mauritanica* is uncertain. These specimens represent a new county record (Dixon 2013. Amphibians and Reptiles of Texas: with Keys, Taxonomic Synopses, Bibliography, and Distribution Maps. Third Edition Revised and Updated. Texas A&M University Press, College Station, Texas. viii + 447 pp.) and are the first reported locality outside of introduced populations at the Port of Galveston, Galveston County, within Texas. The nearest known specimens are from ca. 358 km to the east in Galveston County (TNHC 117185–117190 [DRD 8784–8789]). These specimens were collected under a permit issued to DRD by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (SPR-1018-294) and an approved ENMU IACUC protocol (2023-DAV-005). We thank T. LaDuc for verifying and accessioning these specimens.

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CYRTOPODION SCABRUM (Rough-tailed Gecko). USA: TEXAS: BEXAR Co.: 501 Steves Ave, San Antonio, TX 78204 (29.39827°N, 98.49336°W; WGS 84). 9 September 2023. Drew R. Davis and Benjamin W. Genter. Verified by Travis J. LaDuc. Biodiversity Collections, The University of Texas at Austin (TNHC 117167–117171 [DRD 11123–11127]). Five individuals, both adults and juveniles (28–48 mm SVL, 38–62 mm tail length, 0.4–2.5 g), collected on the exterior wall of a brick building from 0130–0139 h. 119 Gugert Ave, San Antonio, TX 78204 (29.39862°N, 98.49320°W; WGS 84). 10 September 2023. Drew R. Davis and Benjamin W. Genter. Verified by Travis J. LaDuc. TNHC 117172 (DRD 11128). Adult female (47 mm SVL, 49 mm tail length [incomplete], 2.3 g) collected under debris between a railroad track and a warehouse building at 0144 h. 403 Steves Ave, San Antonio, TX 78204 (29.39926°N, 98.49488°W; WGS 84). 10 September 2023. Drew R. Davis and Benjamin W. Genter. Verified by Travis J. LaDuc. TNHC 117173–117176 (DRD 11187–11190). Four individuals, both adults and juveniles (22–52 mm SVL, 25–63 mm tail length, 0.3–2.8 g) collected on the exterior walls of a brick building from 0434–0436 h. These ten *C. scabrum* specimens were in an abandoned industrial district along